# **Foreword**

Ambassador Dominique Girard Executive Director Asia-Europe Foundation

### At first glance,

a collection of stories about children's games, about humans with morphing animal heads and about old Celtic myths may seem to have nothing in common. But a closer look at them reveals the power of comics as a storytelling medium; all these stories address issues that affect us in a globalised, interdependent world.

ASEF initiated the Lingua Comica programme in 2006, as a way of promoting cultural dialogue and mutual understanding through a format that is accessible to all. Since then, a total of three artistic residencies were held in Singapore, in the UK and in Japan, which brought together over 60 artists from Asia and Europe. On these occasions, participants were able to share their experiences and exchange their perspectives on different global issues that touch their lives. The artists were then asked to work together to create new stories of 'universal' value, covering topics such as migration, the social impact of financial crises, global warming and environment.

Despite their language and cultural differences, participants have bonded instinctively as fellow artists, while teaming up on common projects that dealt with topics close to their hearts. The ties they have forged during the Lingua Comica programme remain strong to this day, with many of them continuing their collaborations long after their residencies were over.

The results of these collaborations have been presented at important comics related venues and exhibitions, including the London International Comics Festival (COMICA) in the UK;

the Kyoto International Manga Museum in Japan; and the 12th Bucheon International Comics Festival (BICOF) in Korea. A number of them were also featured in premier comics and gaming magazines, such as the Malaysian magazine Gempak.

This publication Lingua Comica Reloaded is part of a publication series which includes two previous Lingua Comica editions, namely Lingua Comica: Graphic Novels from Asia and Europe and Lingua Comica: Go Home!

This latest edition presents the works of 13 Lingua Comica alumni who were invited to reconnect and to further their collaboration through online exchanges. The ideas for these new stories have therefore been developed across geographical distances and time differences. Through this innovative approach, the group of Asian and European artists has managed to sustain their dialogue and their common passion to carry out this project.

A passionate reader of comics myself, I have always been inspired by the beauty and imagination of graphic tales, which are able to transport readers to a different world. Comics and graphic novels have the power to instil curiosity for the lives and experiences of the other. And in doing so, readers often realise that the other is not so different from us after all!

My hope is that the stories of this Lingua Comica edition will be able to show you something from the other that can capture and inspire you as well.

#### To "reload" means:

to have something more to give; to be restored with highly-charged energy, ready to be released for a second shot. In the information age, this word also means: to be refreshed with content for viewing and sharing, with the expectation of something current and meaningful. It is this creative energy and curiosity that the Asia-Europe Foundation (ASEF) sought to harness with Lingua Comica Reloaded, the most recent project of its Lingua Comica programme.

Since 2006, the Lingua Comica programme has actively promoted cultural dialogue through the platform of comics and graphic novels, a universal and popular storytelling medium. Lingua Comica residencies were organised in Singapore (2006), London (2007) and Kyoto (2008), bringing together over 60 artists from countries taking part in the Asia-Europe Meeting (ASEM). These artists met and put together their imagination and creativity, while collaborating on a wide spectrum of comic works.

After these residencies, the Lingua Comica alumni network showed untapped creative potential. Therefore, ASEF launched a new call for proposals for follow-up collaborations in April 2009. The follow-up project titled Lingua Comica Reloaded created another opportunity for creative co-productions, engaging successful past participants to focus this time on a few selected themes.

The goals of Lingua Comica Reloaded were threefold: first, to promote the building of new relationships among Lingua Comica alumni, based on their common ideas and aspirations; second, to support emerging comic artists in their professional development; and thirdly, to foster the production of new comics and graphic novels addressing issues relevant to both Asia and Europe.

The publication you hold in your hands is the final outcome of this project, documenting the artists' work and creative process. Through their stories, you will hear their voices in conversation as they speak about their social backgrounds, their cultural values, their passions and their concerns.

These stories are culturally specific in style and content. And yet, through their brilliant humour and graphical expression, they allow people with different backgrounds to grasp their emotional meanings and socio-political insights. It is a compelling testament to the role that comics and graphic novels can play in promoting intercultural dialogue.

# Introduction

Reloaded

#### Wires\*

Nele Bronner (Germany), Pier Gajewski (France) and Faezal Muniran (Malaysia)

Three different portrayals show the artists' ambivalent perspectives on the incredible impact of globalisation on their societies. Through these stories, the artists reveal their awareness of how "everything is connected and influenced by everything else".

#### **Numbers**

Titus Ackermann (Germany), Matei Branea (Romania), Tsuyoshi Ogawa (Japan) and Budi Wijaya (Indonesia)

A four-layered compilation of narratives based on abstract numbers, which reflects the artists' reflection on the global economic downturn and its possible effects on the 'common people' in each of their societies.

Play!

Amélie Clément (France) and Rommel Joson (Philippines)

The stories reflect an in-depth exploration of children's games, which emphasises the cultural aspects of the act of 'playing' in the context of different societies. The artists address the role of 'pretending' in a child's development, showing how children's games can be a social and cultural mirror of adult concerns.

## The Salmon of Knowledge

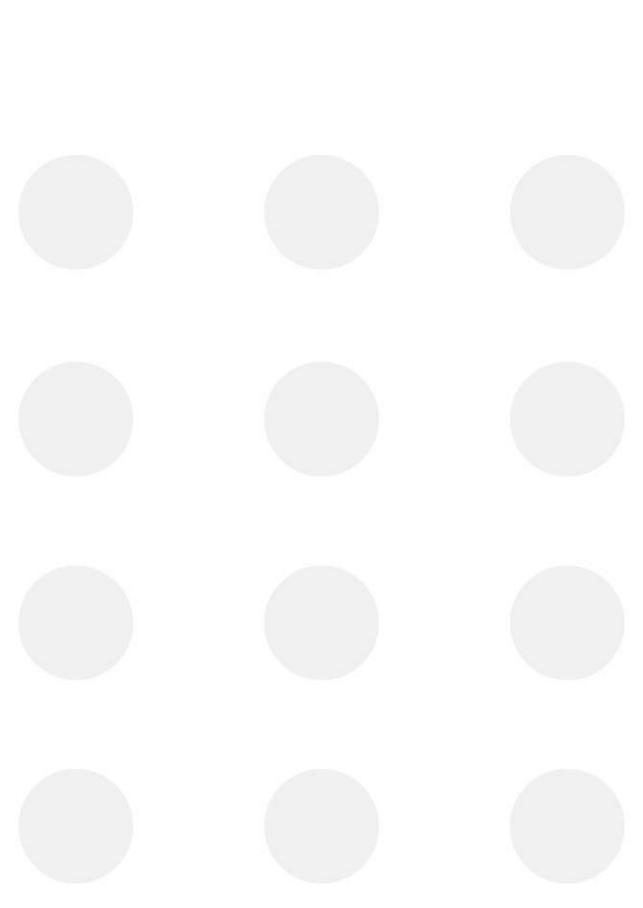
Kim Dae-Joong (Korea) and Tanitoc (France)

A tale inspired by Celtic mythology which infuses contemporary comics with the universal appeal of traditional myths. The story emphasises the importance of old values, centred on wisdom and knowledge, over the power of the superheroes' 'muscle' shown in today's comics.

The impact that Reloaded has had on the artists' creative and professional development should not be underestimated. The project has fostered different types of collaborations and built unexpected connections within the Lingua Comica network. For example, Amélie and Rommel had never met before interacting for their project Play!. They connected thanks to their common background as Lingua Comica alumni. On the other hand, artists like Budi and Matei had worked together in Lingua Comica 3, and then included Tsuyoshi and Titus along for this second leg of collaboration for the project Numbers.

Through these long-term approaches, ASEF succeeded in creating a platform with cascading effects. The artists were given the time and space to interact and innovate, while different publishers, editors and art organisations were encouraged to work together to support their work.

Finally, the Lingua Comica publication series allowed the sharing of these experiences with a wider audience. As such, ASEF's initiative goes well beyond that of a one-off project or event, to create a sustainable network that encourages further meetings and exchanges. Through the powerful and creative medium of comics and graphic tales, ASEF aims to promote another way to bring people closer together and encourage them to reflect on their common humanity.





Reconnect

Wires\* is a collaborative project between Nele Brönner from Germany, Pier Gajewski from France and Faezal Muniran from Malaysia. The artists met for the first time as participants of Lingua Comica 3, a project to promote cross-cultural collaborations among comic artists in Asia and Europe, organised by ASEF in 2008.

Part of the programme involved an intensive eight-day workshop held at a beautiful mountain retreat in Kyoto, Japan. Here, the artists found mutually recognisable links in their artistic sensibilities and world-views. Out of this stimulating meeting, they decided to extend their creative exploration by collaborating online. In 2009, through ASEF's Lingua Comica Reloaded project, they were able to push their initial concept further.

The title of the project, Wires\*, conveys the interconnected nature of their different stories, where each artist spins his creative contribution according to his own country and socio-political context. The concept of Wires\* also highlights the methodology through which the project was conducted. It refers to the invisible lines that carry messages from one locality to the other through blogging, email, mail, and mobile communication – the so-called 'existential hardware' of the comic.

Wires\* shows us that it is possible to create collective poetic action and to achieve tight, intimate connections despite geographical distances and cultural differences. Such was the artists' creative process. They found ways of being physically far, and yet feeling psychologically near to each other, as they developed their individual stories and characters, while in their own daily rhythms. In this way, Wires\* demonstrates how communication can transform the nature of international social links.

The stories mix fantasy and prophecy, like science fiction, and tell of reality-bending narratives interconnected through hidden conjunctions and meanings. They express personal perspectives of global issues that explore various implications of globalization: issues such as the value of an individual in an economically-driven world; the role of culture and poetic action as a way of preserving independent thought; and the impact of the worldwide obsession with technology on the lives of individuals.

Through the process of their collaboration and the stories of the head-changing characters that ensue from it, the artists artistically act out the premise that 'everything is connected and influenced everything else', so as to meditate on the ambivalent nature of globalisation.













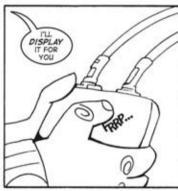












































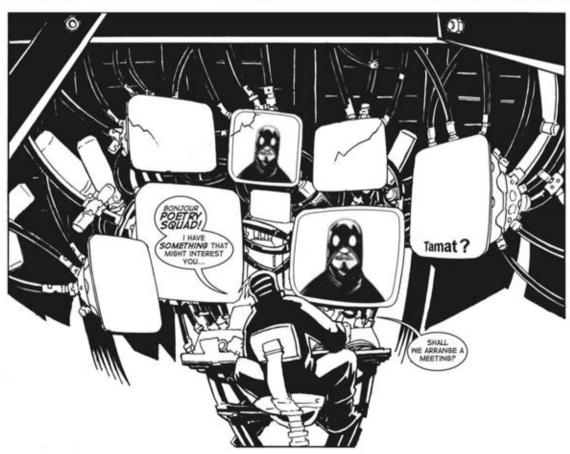




















EVERYTHING USED **TO BE SIMPLE:**WAKING UP AT 6:48, THEN TAKING THE 342
AIR-NAVETTE AT 7:23 TILL THE **T.E.** STOP.



EVERYDAY TRAVELLING WITH THE SAME PEOPLE. EVEN IF THEY CHANGE THEIR HEADS I STILL KNOW IT'S THEM.



WE NEVER TALK TO EACH OTHER... WE'RE TOO ABSORBED BY OUR *P-SCREEN*, *BRAIN PHONES* OR OUR PERSONNAL *WHATEVER!* 



I WORK AT THE EIFFEL TOWER ANTENNA. NO ONE KNOWS WHERE IT COMES FROM NOT EVEN WHAT AN "EIFFEL" IS.



A LONG TIME AGO, WE ALL DECIDED TO **STOP** QUESTIONING OURSELVES. FAR TOO COMPLEX...



ONLY ONE MOJO REMAINS: ONE WORLD, ONE THINKING!









## THIS IS THE KNOWLEDGE MASTER.

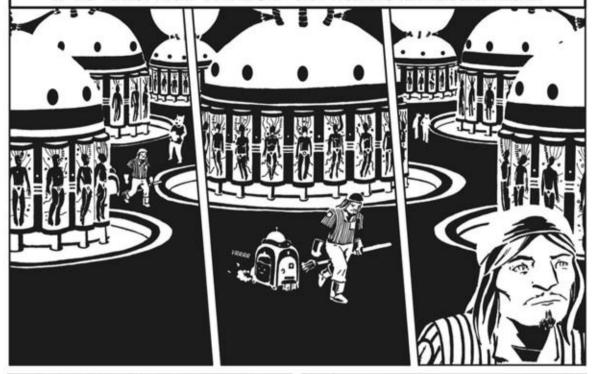
HE IS ONE OF THE LAST GIANT ELEPHANTS. HE RECEIVES MILLIONS OF IDEAS AND HE CHOOSES WHICH ONE IS THE BEST FOR THE WORLD. ONE WORLD, ONE THINKING.

> I USED TO FIND HIM SO BEAUTIFUL...





I WORK IN THE CLEANING DEPARTMENT. WITH MY FRIEND MUFFIN, WE'RE IN CHARGE OF THE "ARTIST ROOM" OO11. HE'S MY ONLY FRIEND. I TELL HIM EVERYTHING.





JUST IN THIS ROOM ALONE, THERE ARE MILLIONS OF BRAINS ALL *LINKED TOGETHER* IN A SUPER VIRTUAL BRAIN. I USED TO BE ONE OF THEM.



ALL THEIR IDEAS FOR A BETTER WORLD GO TO THE KNOWLEDGE MASTER: ONE WORLD, ONE THINKING.



THIS MORNING, LIKE EVERYDAY, I WAS WORKING. I WAS HAVING A HARD TIME WITH A STRANGE STAIN... WHEN IT ALL STARTED.



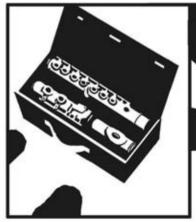






































\* "At the end of the refrain... I strike!" Cyrano de Bergerac - Edmond Rostand









































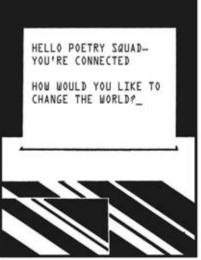
















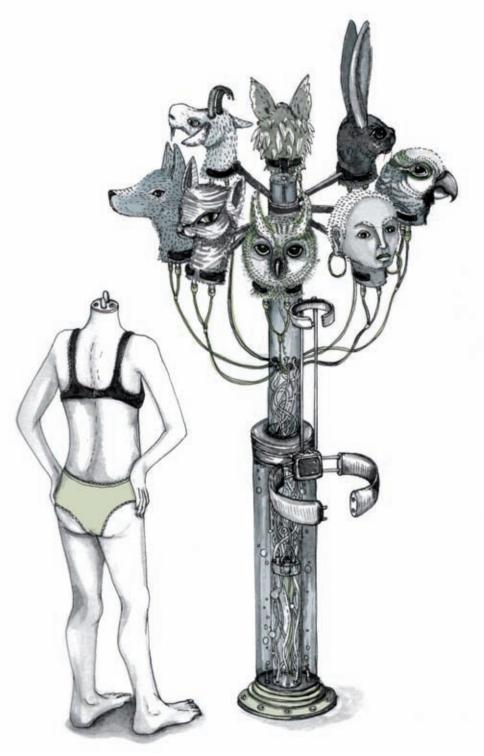
# WIRES\* by Nele Brönner











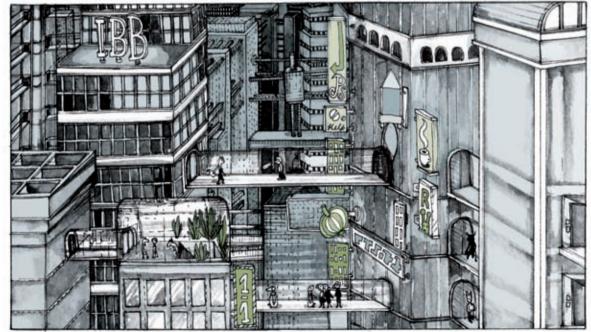






























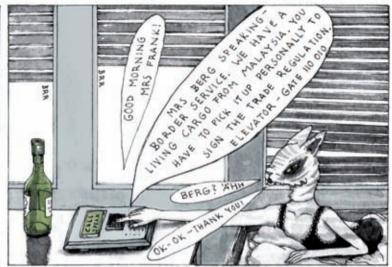




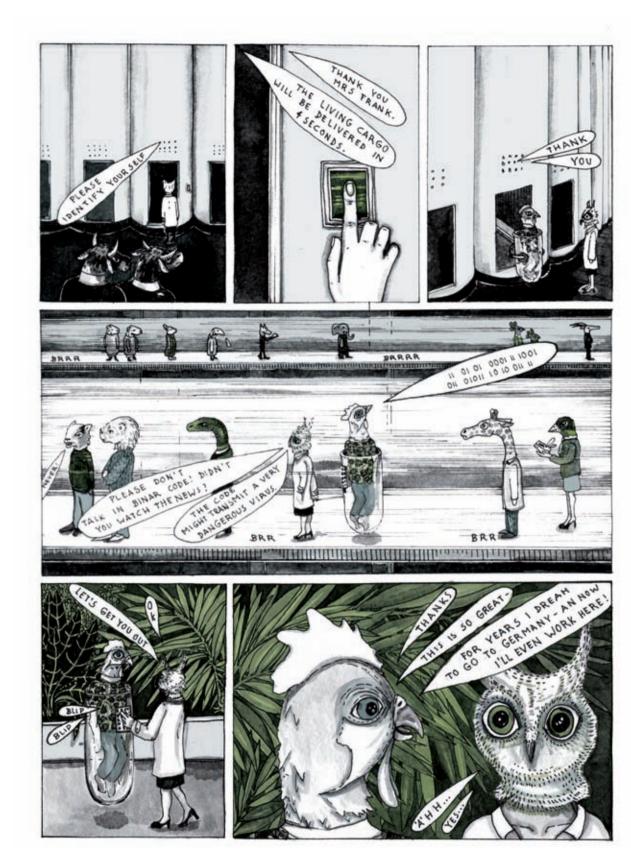


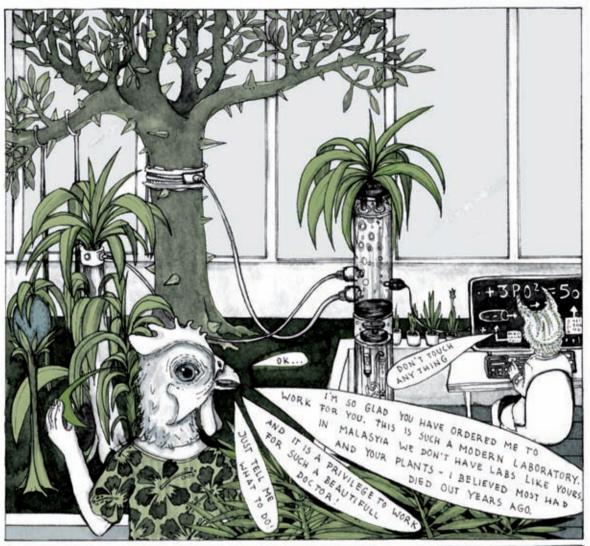






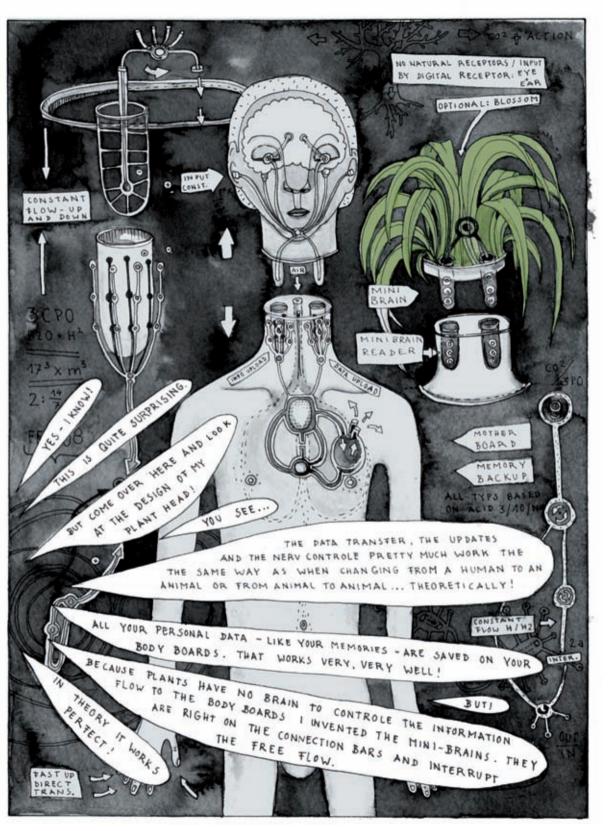










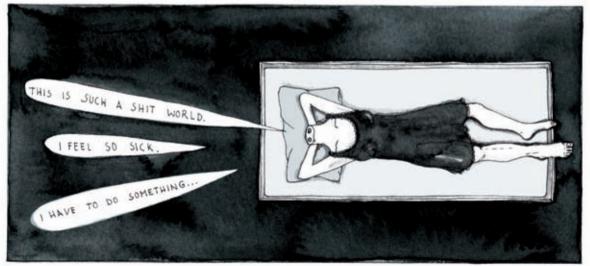












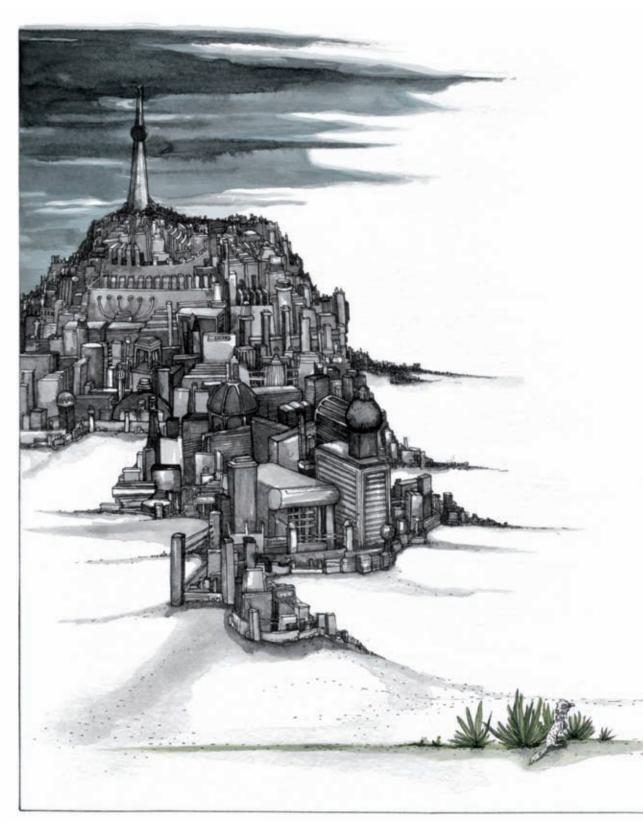


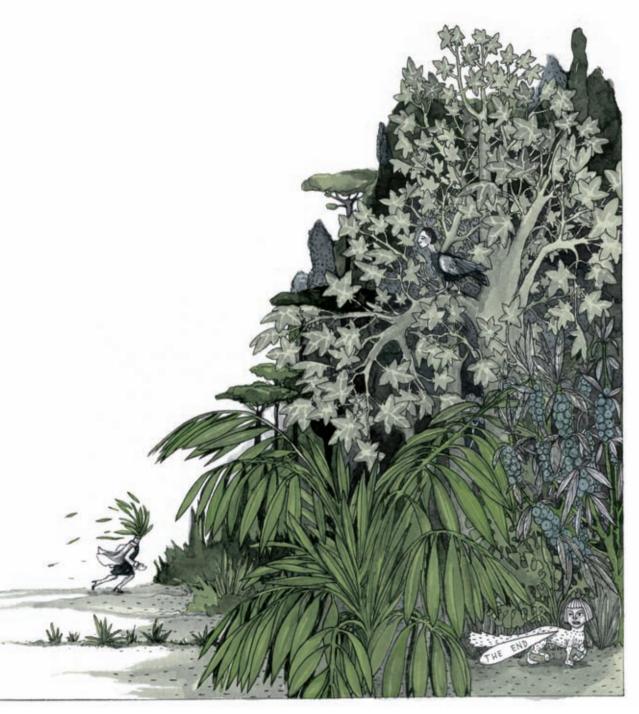












## **Numbers**

Recount

Numbers is a collaboration between Titus Ackermann from Germany, Matei Branea from Romania, Tsuyoshi Ogawa from Japan and Budi Wijaya from Indonesia. Created in late 2008 in response to the global economic recession – one of the worst in history – the story investigates through comics the layman's perspective of the event in each of the artists' respective societies.

As the statistics of unemployment, prices and violent incidents (such as the burning of luxury cars in Berlin) rose, consumerist values increasingly dominated the landscape. In Numbers, the artists zoom past these factors to meditate on the truly important and non-quantifiable aspects of life. By communicating the stories from contemporary life on the ground, the story unearths the impact of numerically-determined values and statistically-driven policies that affect people's everyday lives in each country through the visual form of comic illustrations.

In the first edition of Numbers, four story lines by the four artists were interspersed as episodes to be read concurrently on a large double-sided folded poster format. Titus' strip, revolving around one man's number-filled journey through the day, is devoid of dialogue and narrated through numbers to humorous and poignant effect. A series of comical shopping mishaps, told in pictures and minimal text, forms the crux of Tsuyoshi's strip. While in Budi's, characters at home count according to their different worldviews: a father recounting past failures, successes and dreams: a mother counting her years and memories; a child counting everything in the house; and a dog counting down the hours to its meals and playtimes. And all this happens while possessions in the house are individually tagged by an officer handling the family's bankruptcy. Lastly, Matei's story meditates on the phenomenon of the wildly popular DACIA car from Communist Russia from the perspective of a man who works in its assembly line.

Each of these stories based on numbers illustrates the personal style and cultural background of the artists. The stories' narratives and visual approaches reflect the artists' origins, their quirks and sense of humour. In this way, Numbers is as much a work of social observation, as a reflection upon the artists themselves.



Re-enact

When children play, not only do their playing advance a narrative within the game, they also re-enact their way of understanding the world as children. Cultural differences are put aside; the line between reality and imagination blurs.

What happens when artists collaborate to play through the comic form? What can their playful work tell us about themselves, as adults, as artists and as people from different cultures?

"Play!" is a comic project conceived by Amélie Clément, a French artist based in Belgium, and Rommel Joson from the Philippines. The collaboration was borne out of a common fascination and desire to explore children's games, as a basis to explore several narrative layers.

Rommel was interested in exploring his childhood memories through short narratives. He researched the cultural and vernacular elements of Filipino games such as 'A Preso,' (Falling Prisoner) and 'Langit Lupa' (Heaven and Earth) and explored the links between the games, stories and comics in his country. Amélie was inspired by games she used to play with her siblings. She explored the psychological aspects of children's games: the emotional nuances, the petty intrigues and the fragile line between reality and imagination.

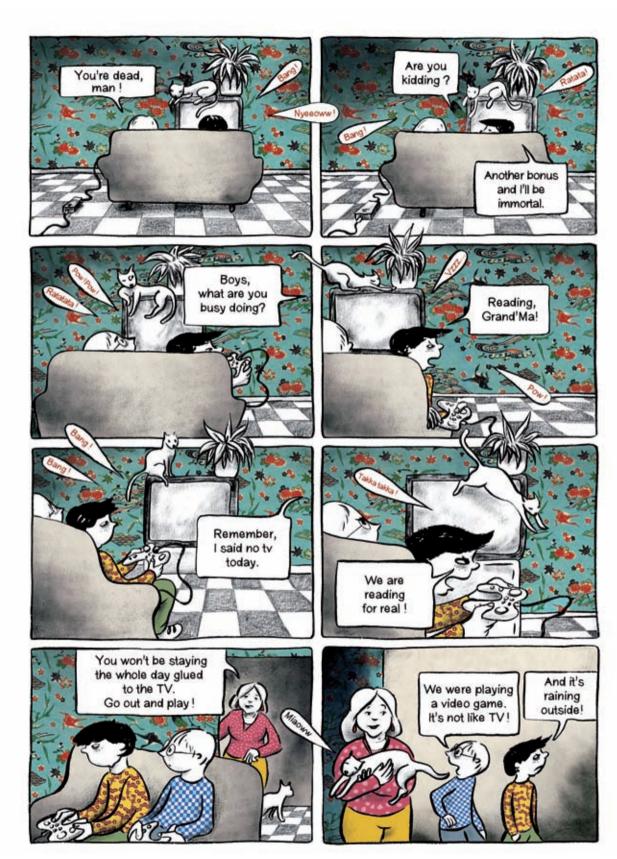
The comic includes a board game that features four characters of their two stories, based on an old European racing board game 'Game of the Goose'. The desire, as Rommel describes, was to play with the format of the comic genre, and to make it game-like as opposed to a linear narrative. By creating an alternative experience through real-time play, the readers themselves could become interactive players of the game-story universe where their characters reside.

The artists' collaboration allowed them to mix the more universal children's games, with more culturally detailed mythology, such as the monsters and magical creatures that lord over forests.

## PLAY!



by Amélie Clément





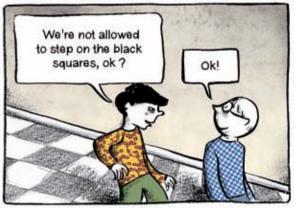


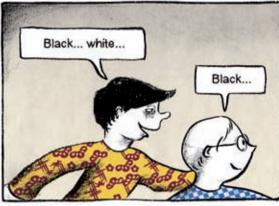


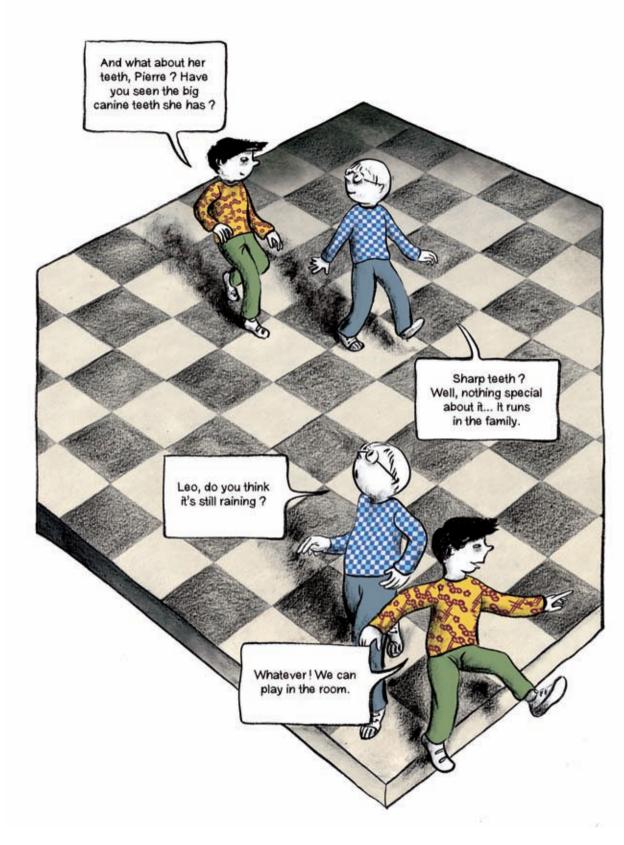


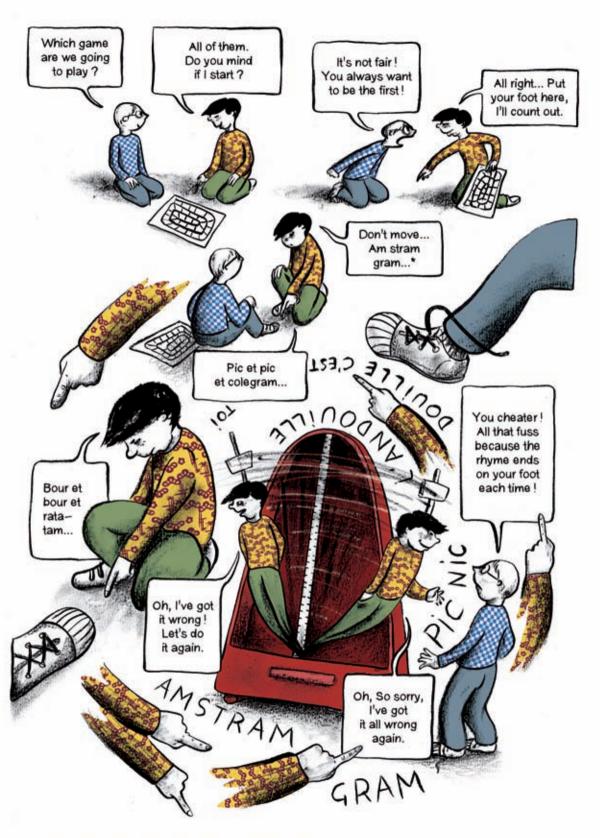






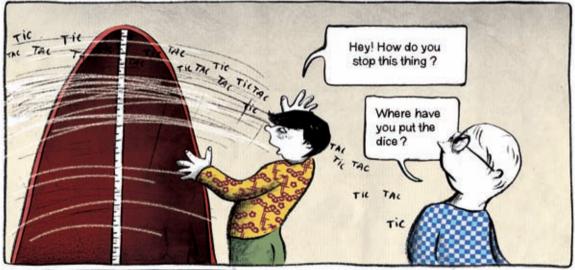




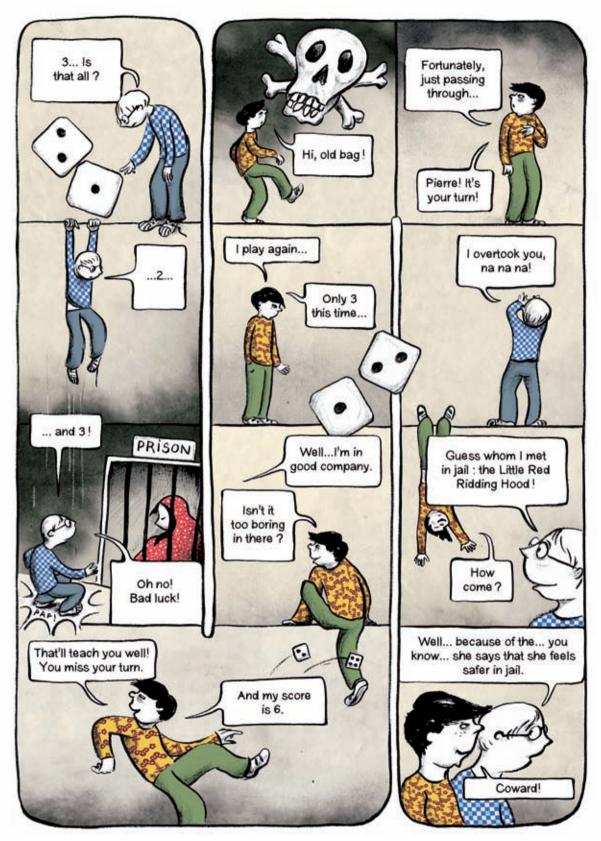


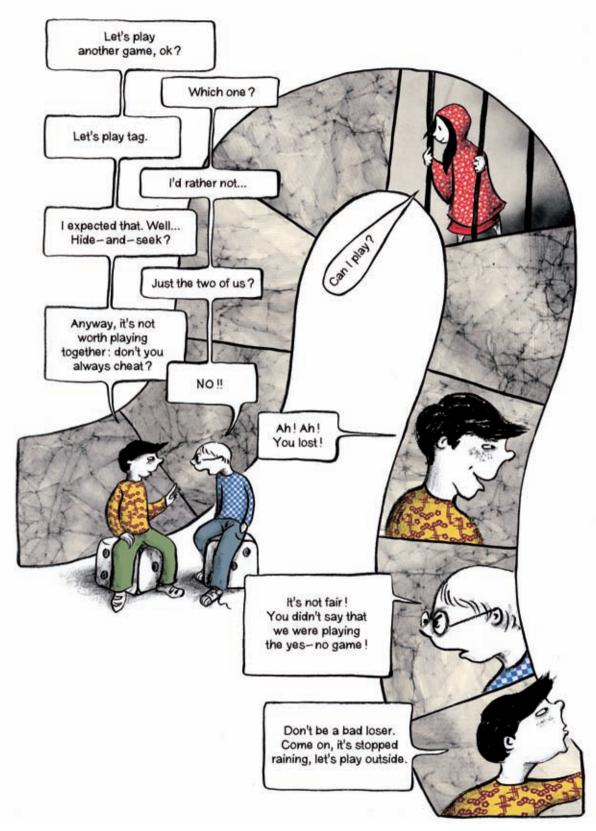
<sup>\*</sup> A French counting-out rhyme, usually used as a preliminary to games, to designate the child who will play the «It» or the one who will play first. Equivalents in English: « on-ery, ore-ry, ick-ery, Ann! » or « Eeny, meeny, miny, mo! ».

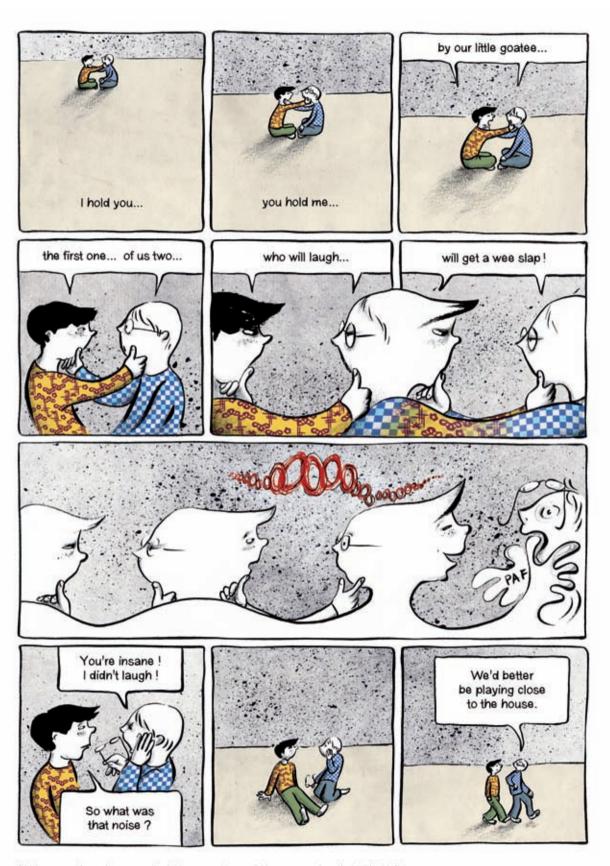




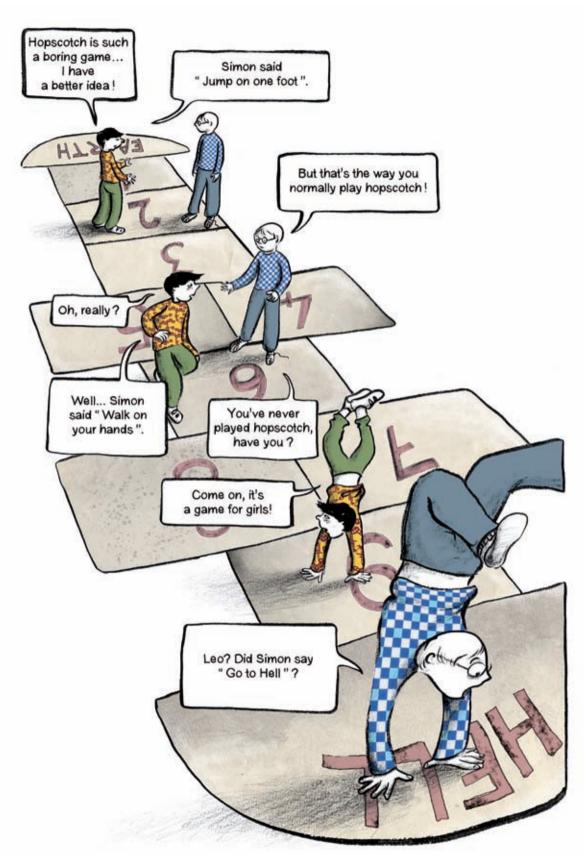




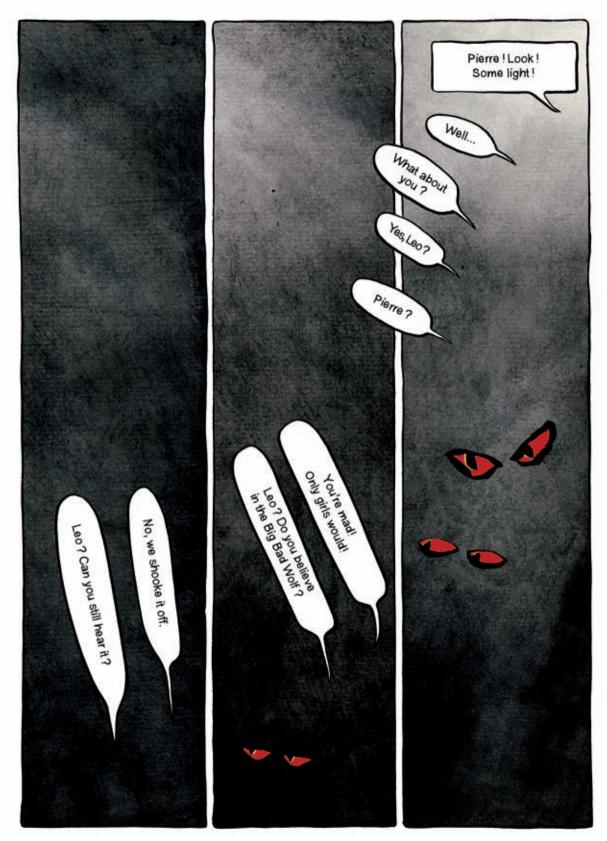


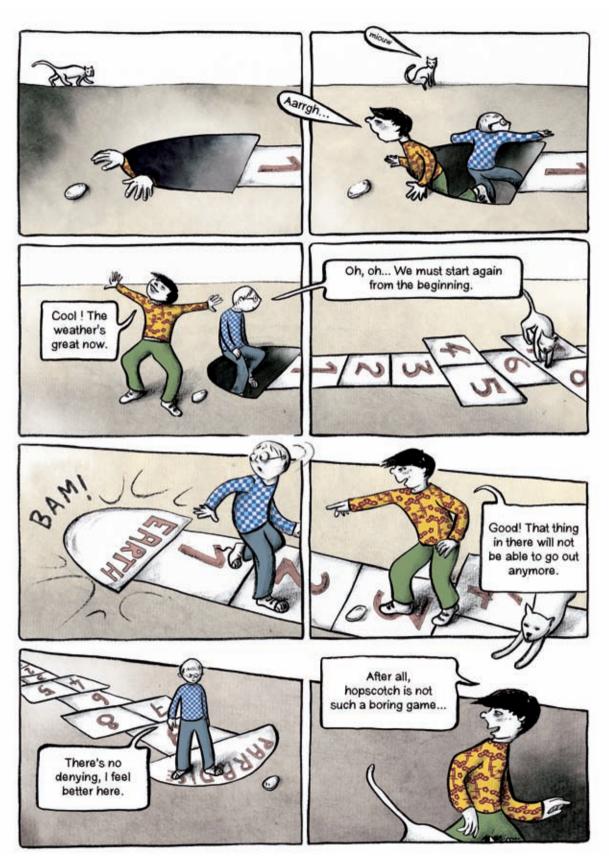


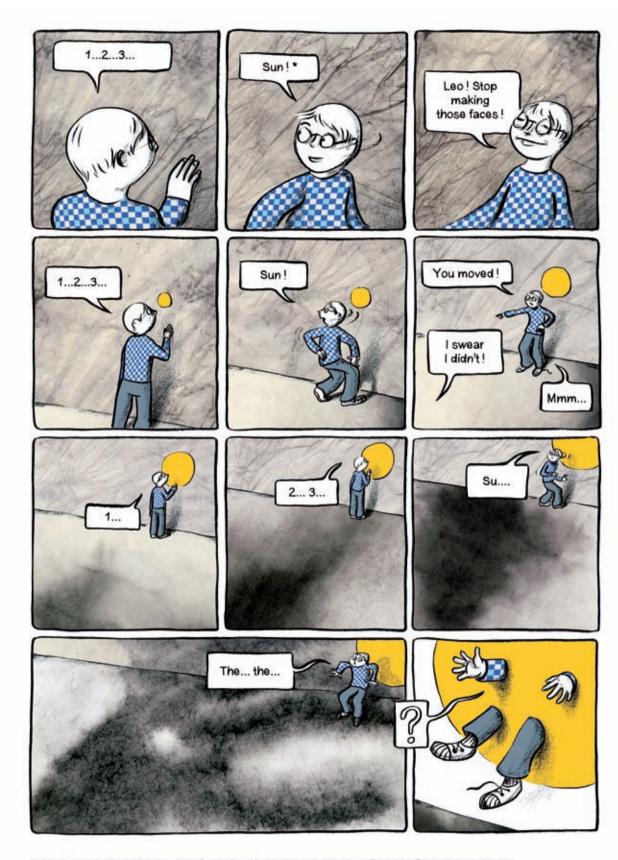
<sup>\*</sup>This nursery rhyme is very popular in France and seems to have no exact equivalent in English.



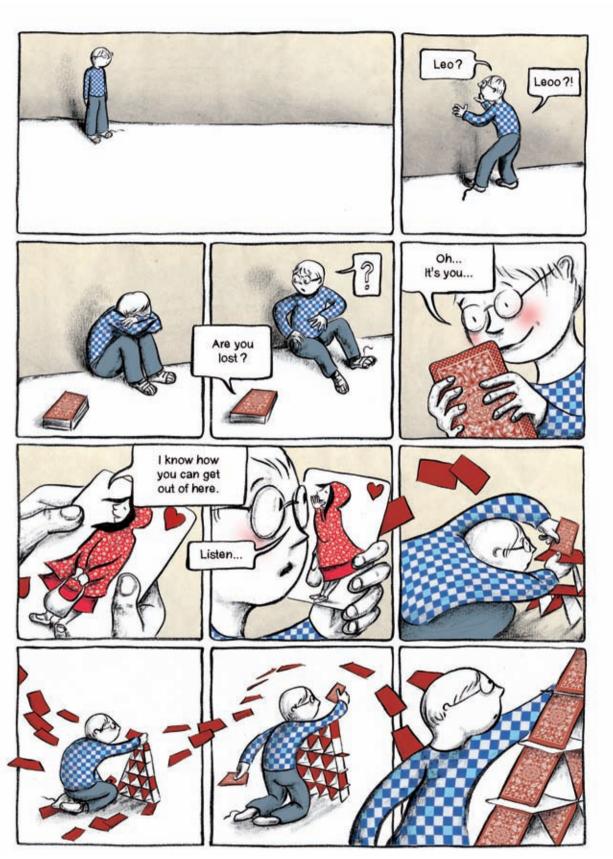


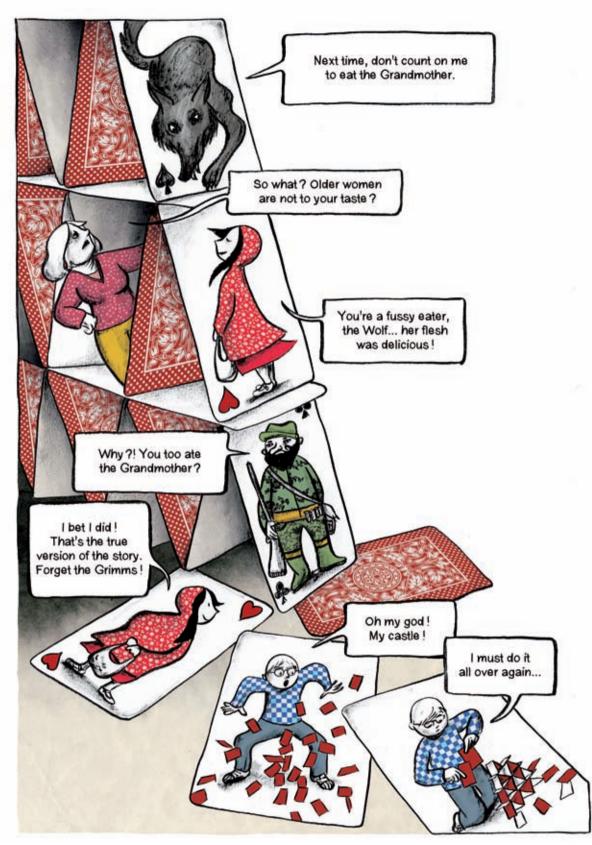


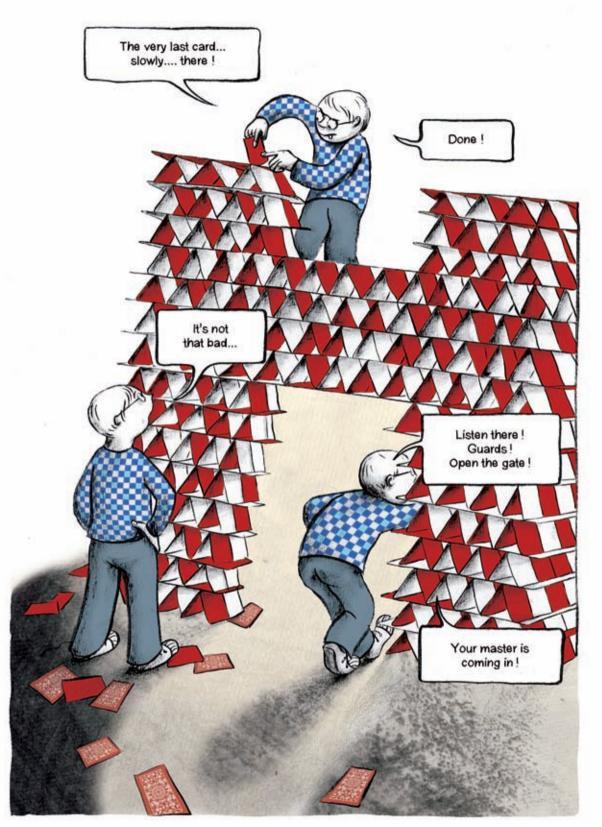


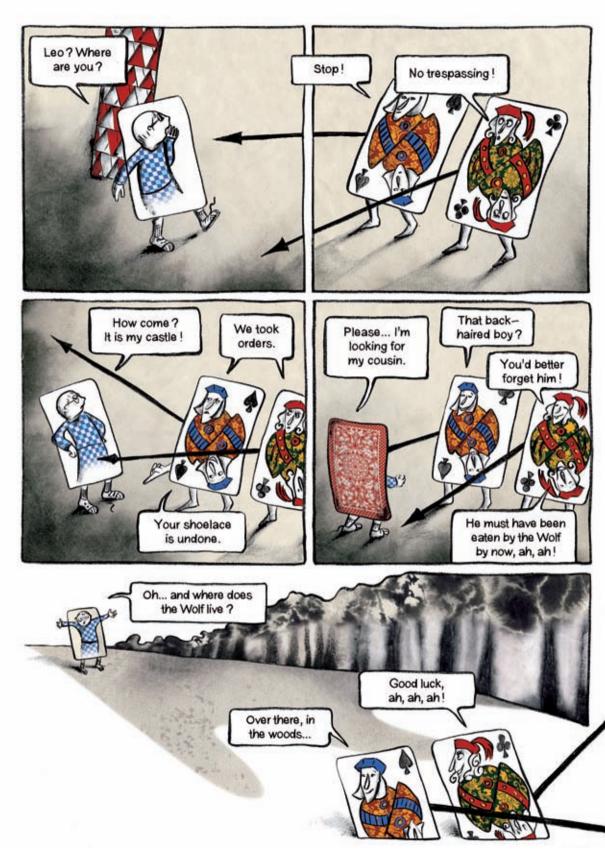


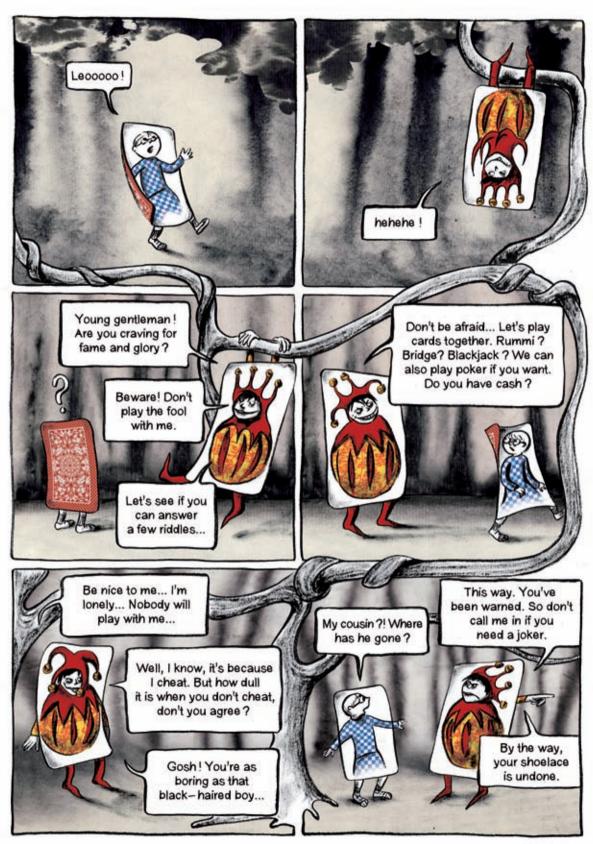
\* « Un, deux, trois, soleil » is a French equivalent for « Mother May I » in the UK or « Red Light, Green Light » in the US.



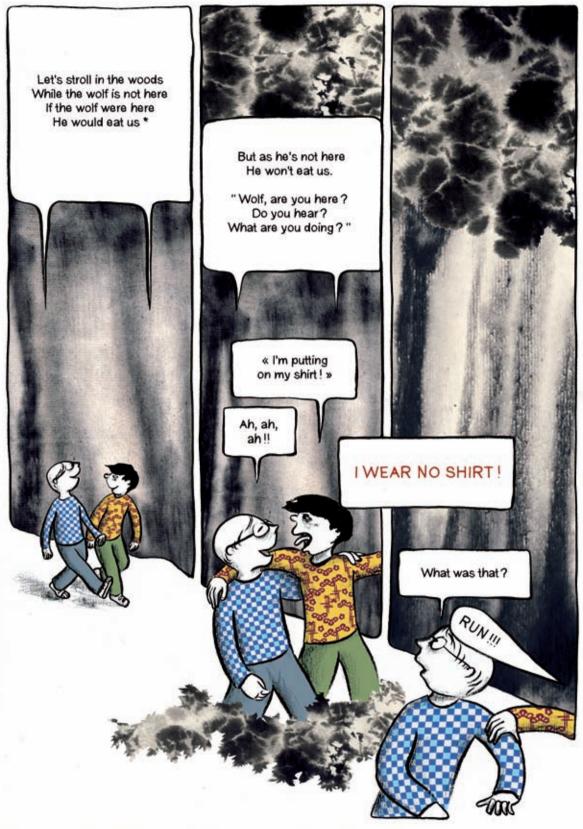










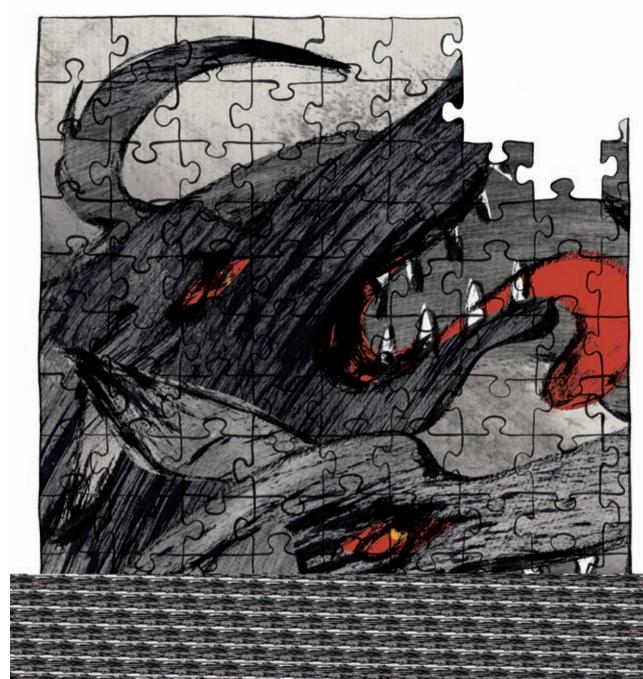


Very popular song in France. Usually kids sing the chorus and a grown-up person, putting on a gruff voice answers «I put on my shirt», «I put on my shoes», etc. until «I'm coming to eat you» and the kids start screaming.











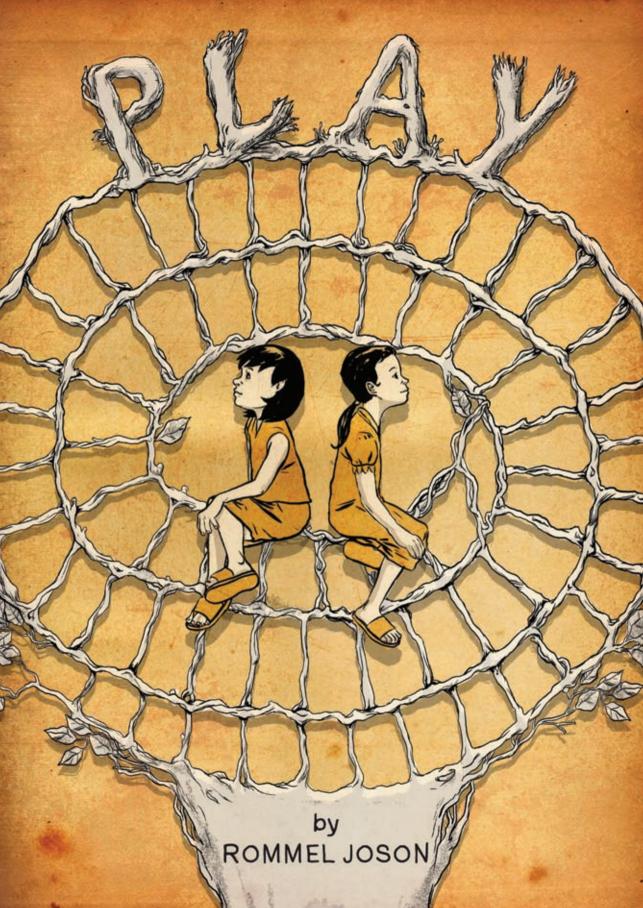






















BUT YOU HAVE TO BE CAREFUL. YOU CAN'T JUST PLAY WITH ANYBODY AND YOU SHOULD NEVER STAY OUT TO LATE.

> YOU KIDS MAKE MY HAIR EVEN WHITER!





































\*LITERALLY "NOX" --> A TRADITIONAL FILPINO OUTDOOR GAME

































































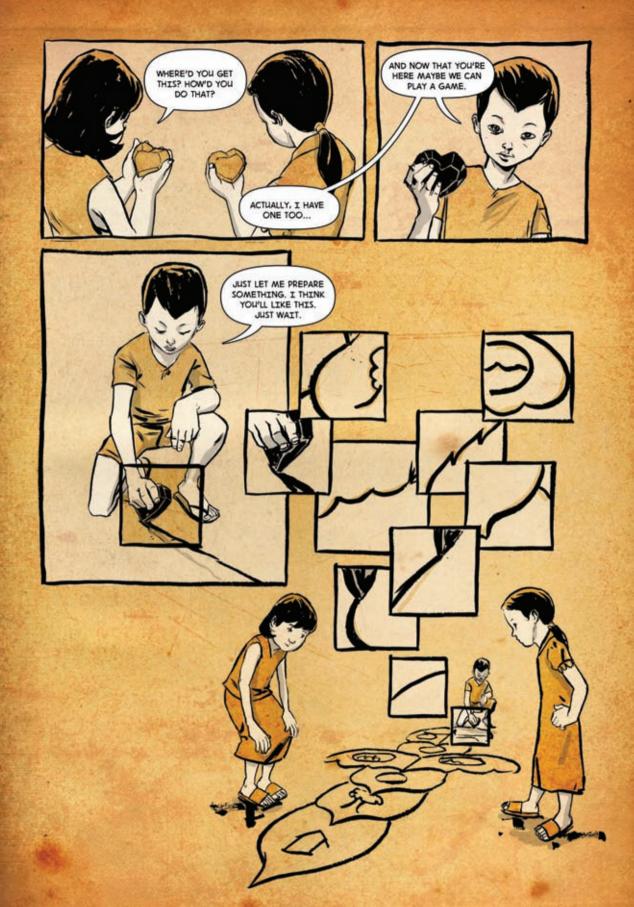


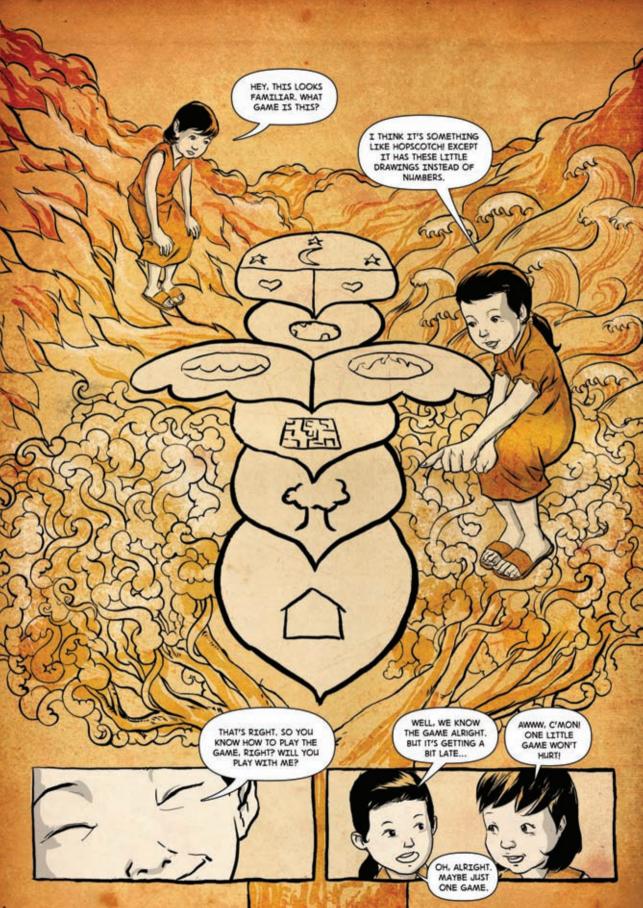
























"WHY, YES, LITTLE BOYS OR EVEN LITTLE GIRLS JUST LIKE YOURSELF."



"THAT'S WHY YOU GIRLS SHOULD NEVER PLAY OUT IN THE FIELDS DURING DUSK BECAUSE THE NUNO MIGHT BE OUT THERE."











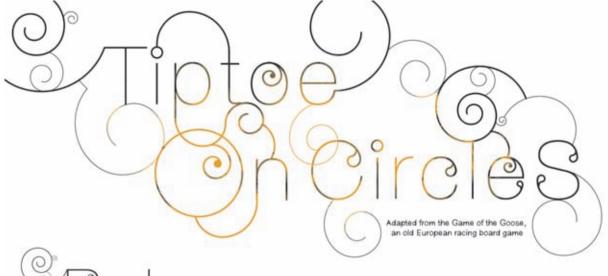














## STARTING THE GAME

One player sings a counting rhyme to eliminate the players one by one. The remaining player chooses a piece and plays first. Everything you need to play the game is on the opposite page. Cut, fold and paste the pieces and you're ready to go!



## HOW TO PLAY

The first player throws the dice and puts his/her piece on the square corresponding to the number obtained with the dice. The players play in turn. The first player to reach the last square wins. If the number thrown is higher than necessary to reach the last square, the surplus is counted backwards.

There are specially marked squares scattered throughout the game track. You must follow the instructions each time you land on one of these special squares.





SPECIAL



REGULAR



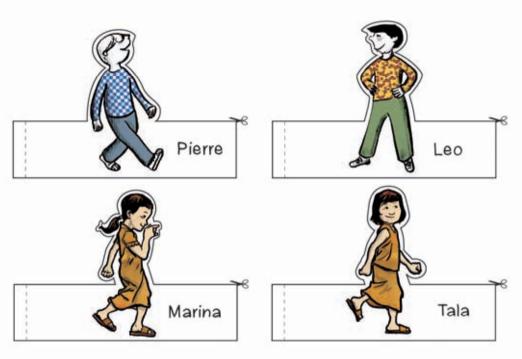
- 1, 5, 9, 14, 18, 23, 27, 32, 36, 41, 45, 50, 54, 59 The Sun: move 1 step forward
- 6 Play Hopscotch: Hop to 12
- 16 The Wolf: Retreat 1 step!
- 19 Grandmother's House: Lose a turn while you eat some tasty cake, butter and jam
- 21 The Soldiers: Lose a turn
- 25 The Nuno's Trap: Lose a turn
- 26 The Joker: Play again
- 29 The Ball: Jump to 31 into the Woods
- 34 Play a game of "sipa": Move 6 steps forward
- 38 Lolo's House: Miss a turn while you listen to a Filipino tale
- 42 The French Woods: You will get lost in the dark woods and move backwards to 37
- 47 Nuno sa Punso: 4 squares backward!
- 52 The Jail: Miss a turn
- 53 The Joker: Play again
- 58 The Skull: you have to go back to square 1 and start all over again.
- 62 The Nuno Returns: Move back 1 square

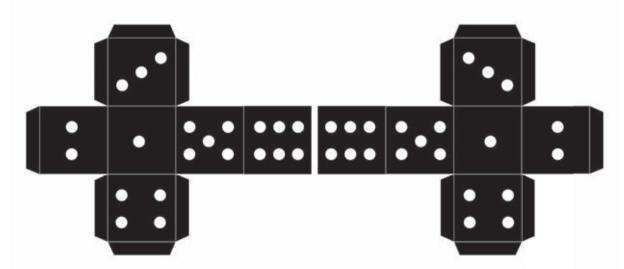


## **CUT, PASTE AND PLAY!**

Everything you need to play the game is here! Cut out the characters and the dice, fold them (you may paste them on thick card if you wish) and stick the ends together as indicated. Now, play on!



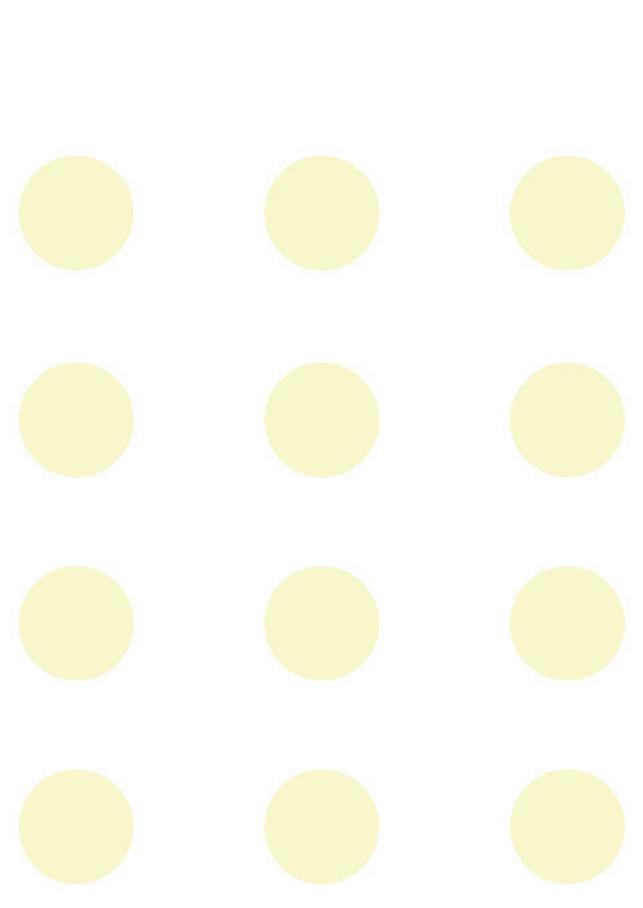




Note: If you don't want to cut up your book, you can download a printable version of the gameboard as well as all the components on this page at http://tiptoeoncircles.wordpress.com/







## Salmon of Knowledge

Re-learn

Drawing from powerfully imaginative Celtic tales, The Salmon of Knowledge is a retelling of Celtic traditions in comic form which explores the universal aspects of such stories, like love and courage.

The project originated from a conversation between French artist Tanitoc (Yves Cotinat) and Korean avant-garde comics publisher Kim Dae-Joong that took place in Kyoto, Japan, where they met as facilitators of ASEF's Lingua Comica residency. Tanitoc and Kim talked about various aspects of their respective cultures, such as the names, customs, language, people's connection to the land, mythology and founding stories.

Seeking to diverge from the path of typical comics, which are often based on cliches, explained as "reduced versions of heroic mythological stories", that have lost their original connection - Tanitoc sought to explore a more poetic and in-depth way of researching the hidden keys to human nature. Through comics, he wanted to represent the 'hard, stimulating and refreshing connection to reality in mythological stories.'

The resulting comics tale The Salmon of Knowledge is, therefore, more about the wisdom and transmission of knowledge than about the muscles and superpowers of the comic characters. Featuring the mythical hunter-warrior Finn MacCumhaill who catches the fabled salmon of knowledge, the project is part of a wider publishing effort to adapt mythology into comics.











































































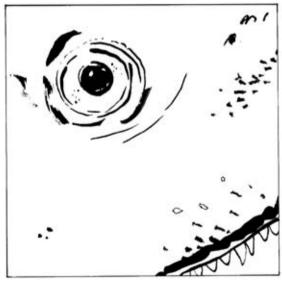














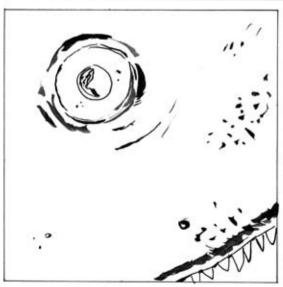




















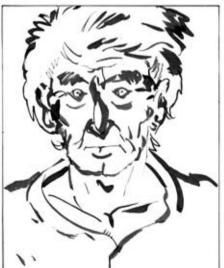






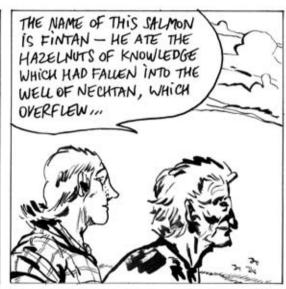








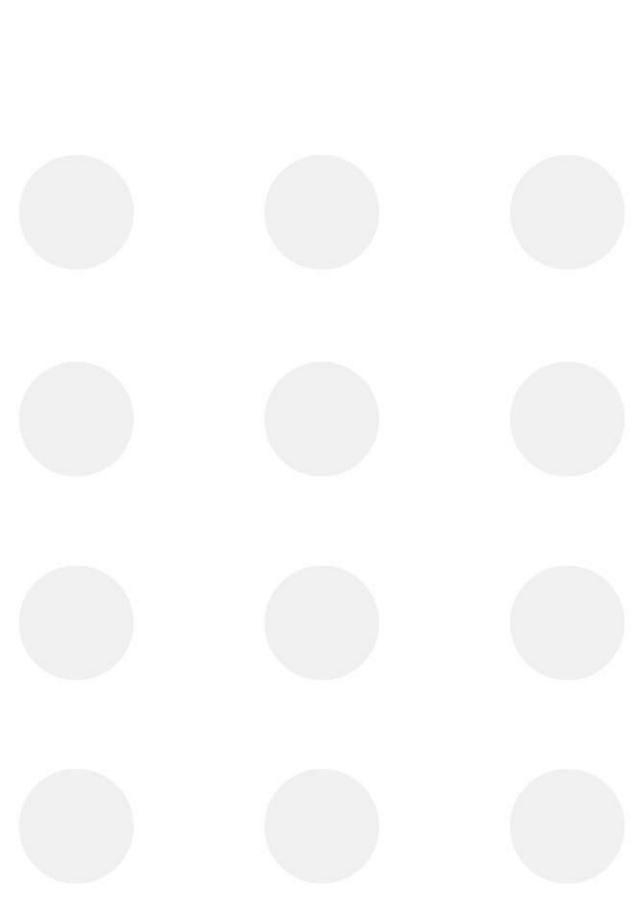








TANITOC 2010 to Helen, Maeve, Armel & Louis





Review

The Asia-Europe Foundation (ASEF) was invited to present its comics and graphic novels exchange programme, Lingua Comic, at the 12th Bucheon International Comics Festival (BICOF) in September 2009. BICOF is one of the most prestigious comic festivals in Korea, held annually in Bucheon since 1998.

BICOF organisers saw Lingua Comica as a good model for artistic collaboration. It sought ASEF's involvement in order to broaden the scope of the Festival with an Asia-Europe dimension and to tap on the experiences that ASEF has built up in the field of comics and graphic novels over the years.

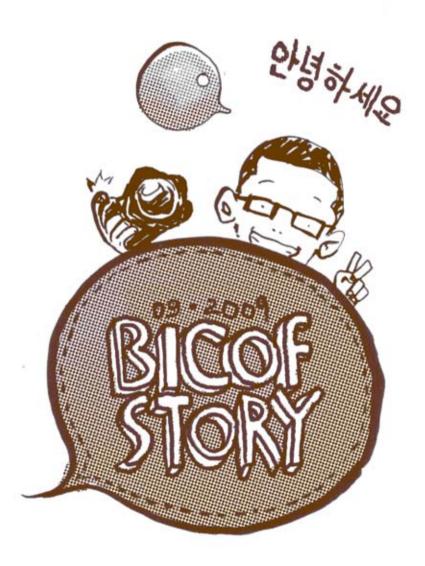
ASEF took this opportunity to reconnect with its Lingua Comica network by inviting five alumni to present an exhibition and to facilitate a workshop at the Festival. The alumni evaluated the impact of Lingua Comica on their professional development and shared their experiences with the audience.

Two of the alumni, Nguyen Thanh Phong (Vietnam) and Tomas Kucerovsky (Czech Republic), also had another special task: to chronicle their daily experiences at BICOF 2009 through a comic journal.

Phong participated in the second edition of Lingua Comica. He is interested in narrative portrait and autobiography and uses his daily life experiences as his artistic focus.

Tomas took part in the 1st Asia-Europe Comics Project. His participation gave him an impetus for his work and he later continued to work with many of the artists he met through the project. At BICOF he presented his experiences with ASEF as an example of the collaborations that resulted from the Lingua Comica projects.





This short comic is about my trip to Bucheon Korea
The 1242 Backson Interpolational Comics Feetings



Aom,

I met them at Koryo hotel when I first came here,

whom I thought as a serious old

From the map, it seems not so far from our hotel to BICOF grea so I decided to walk there...

man through email,

... Withough anticipating all the problems I can get asking local people for direction ...



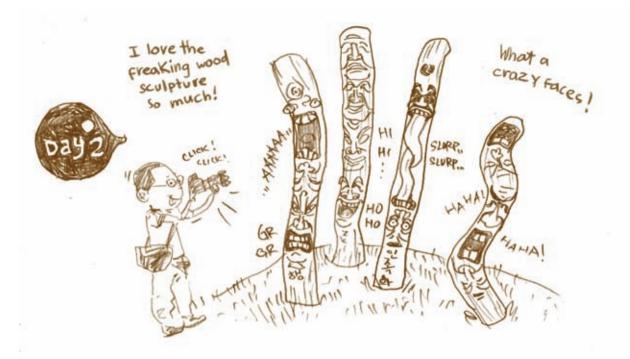




When the Mayor of Bucheon stepped on the Stage, some guys in ninja suits put on him a bling-bling robe It was so humorous!

## Buffet dinner time ...









I and Titus stopped by some exhibitions in the festival

Special Exhibition of Milo Manara



## "Make Mine Manhwa!"

Looking Back and Looking Ahead at the Export of Korean Comics to the English Language Market by Paul Gravett



I grabbed some Manhwa-Pans
- BICOF symbol red bean pancakes
for lunch.

Po

That acternoon,
Paul did a great talking
about Manhwa in
the UK.

End of the talk, he gave me his book as a gift. Thanks so much Paul I





Mand an attractive talking of John Weeks about Cambodian comics.

Alol of cool and ama≥ing stuffs, and you know more about comics history of a country that so near from you. It was quite similar to our comics in the Past...

After the buffet dinner with Korean Webtoon artists (in the Cartoonist's 1 night 2 days) it was the funniest part of the party





It was so tarrific knowing that Manhwa is celebrating its nooth anniversary. Korean has read and loved comics for a long time. It was one important thing that led.

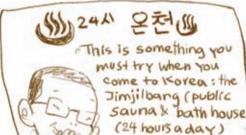
Manhwa to its today sucsess.

Kareal-sized replica of an usual korean comics shop in the past.





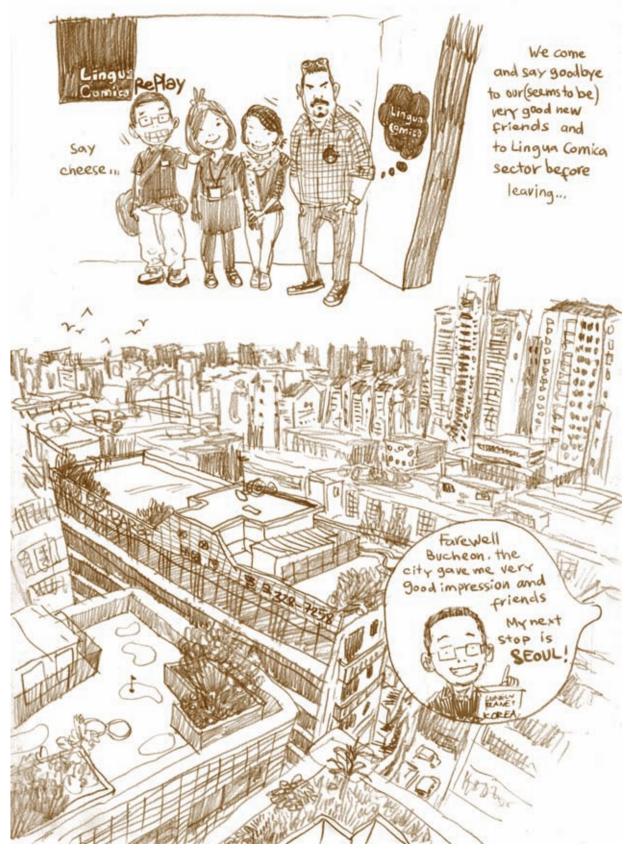


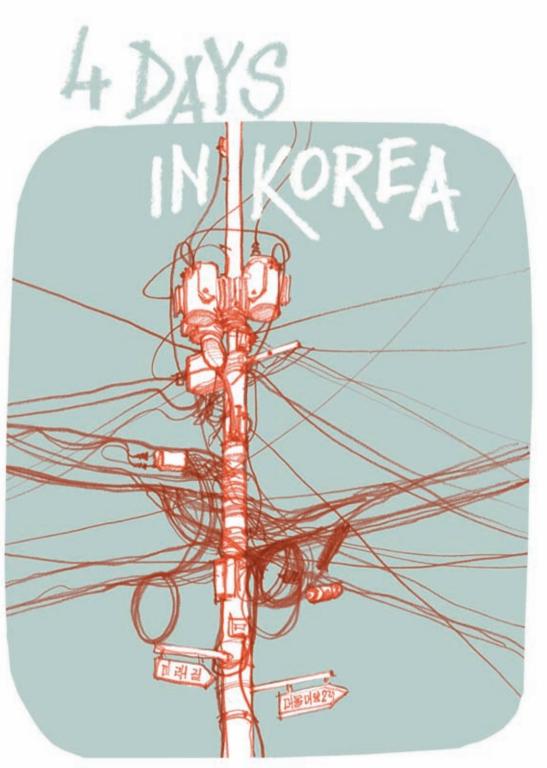




I got up earlier
than usual for having breakfast
together with Tomas, the Czech
comic artist who is flying back
home this morning.







Tomáš Kučerovský

In 2006 I participated in Asia-Europe comics project in Singapore, the first of international workshops held by Asia-European Foundation (ASEF) and named later "Lingua Comica". Three years later ASEF chose me again to attend BICOF comics festival in Korea where they held a presentation of their comics projects.

So actually, I went to Korea to talk about Singapore...

Before the journey I managed to meet Czech ambassador In Korea Jaroslav Olša Jr., an expert at African and Southeast Asian fantastic literature and a big sci-fi and comics fan...

Pon't expect second Singapore. Singapore is utopia, while Seoul is, let's say, closer to Blade Runner. Where is the festival held?

Prepare
bussines cards.
Lots of them.
Don't even go
to Korea without
lots of business
cards.

I tried
to finish all my
work before the
departure, but no
matter how much
in advance I start,
the night before
the deadline
is always
crucial...

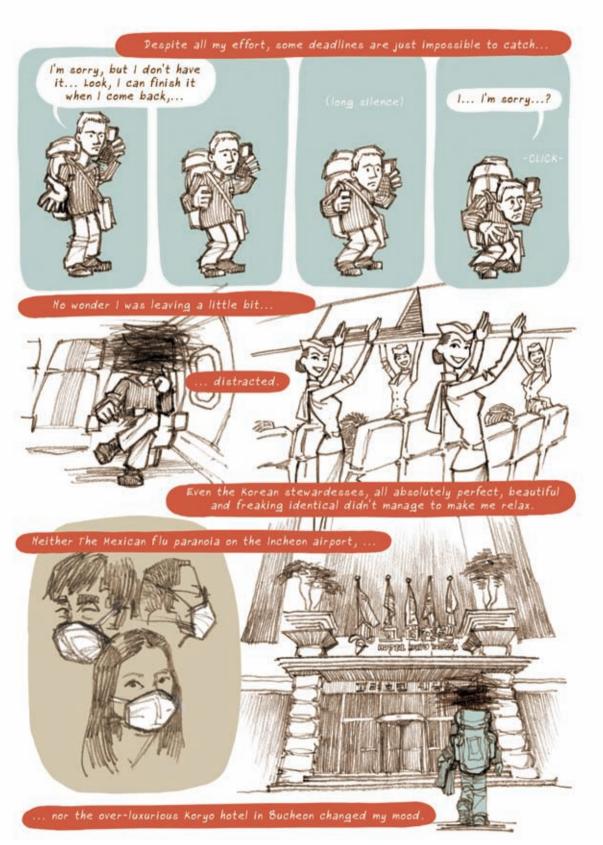
Hi, working on it, in two hours I'm uploading... great, take care. -CLICK-

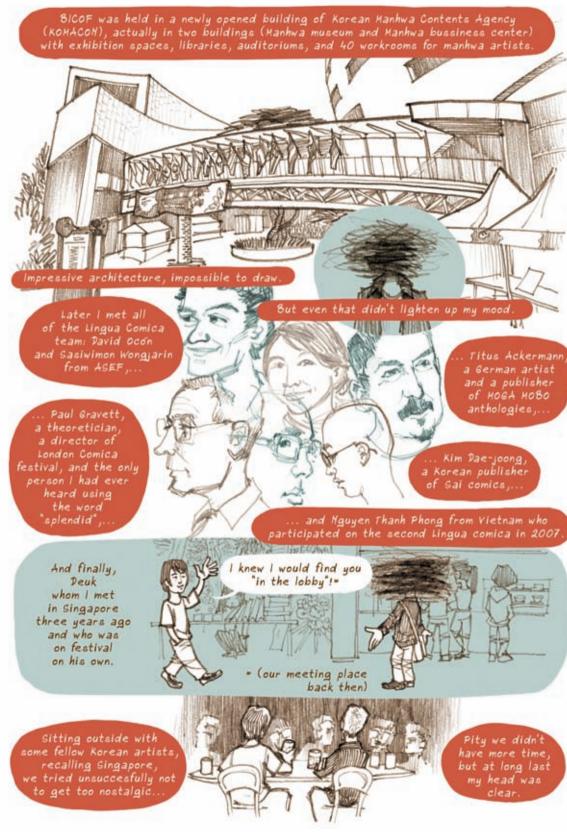


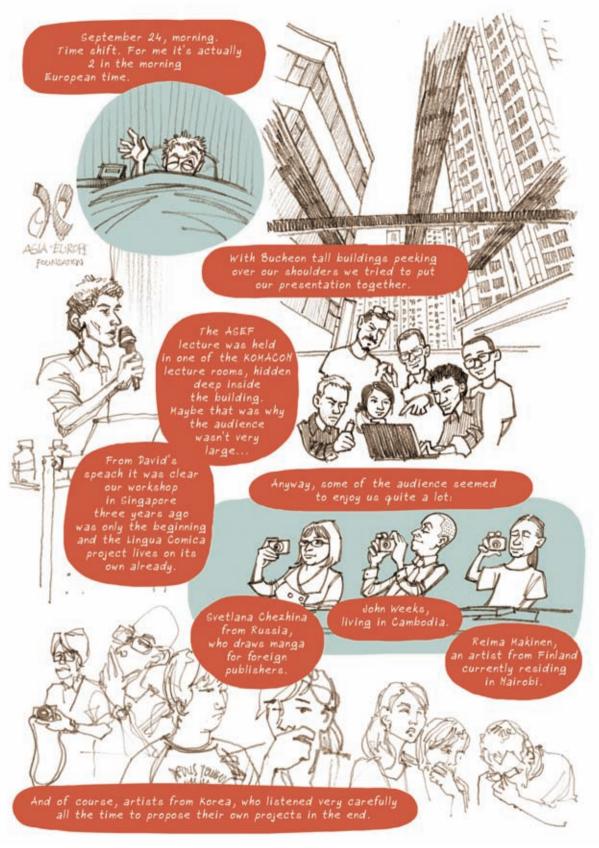
Bucheon? I see - well,

Hi! You'll have it in your mail in the morning... Yeah, thanks. -CLICK-

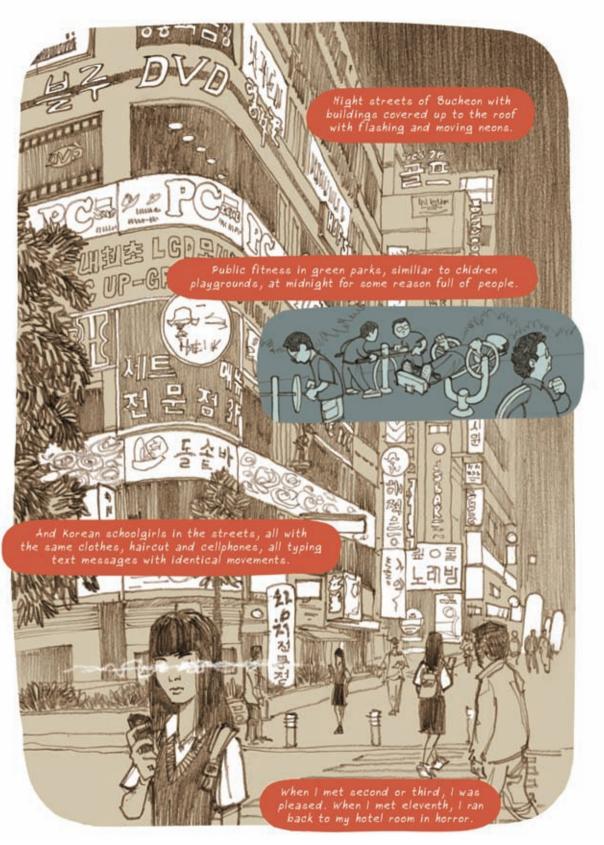
Hi,... canceled?
That's great!
Um, I mean - what
a shame...
-CLICK-



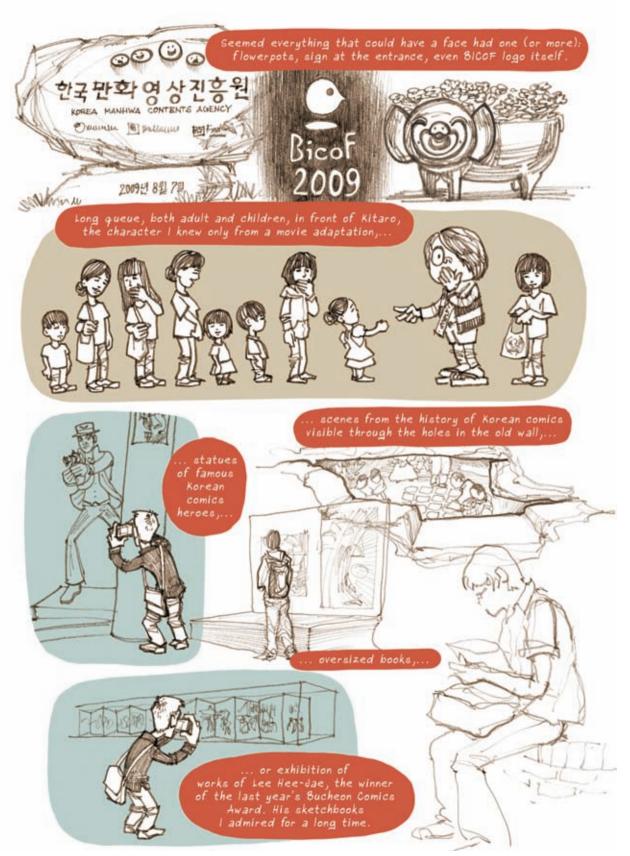




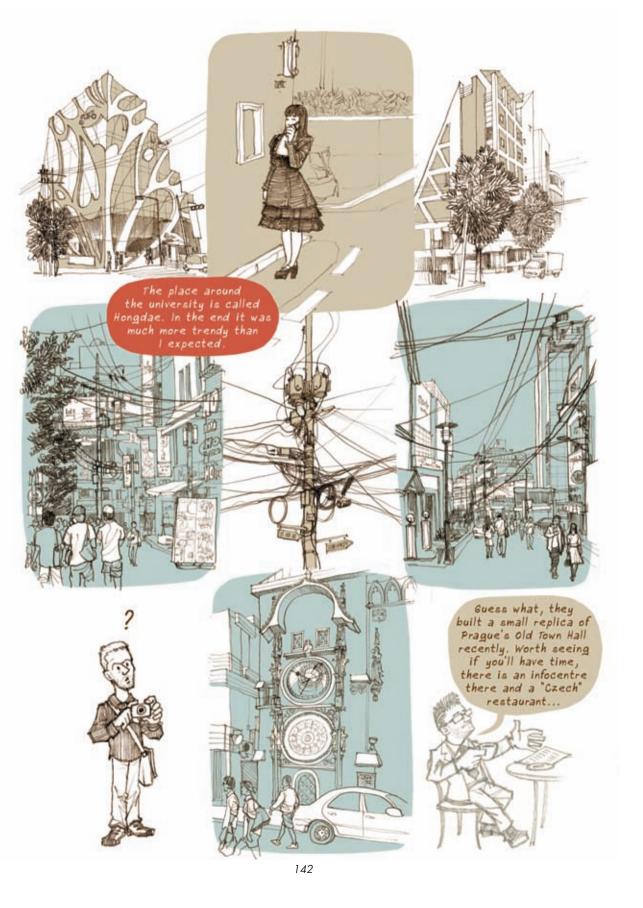


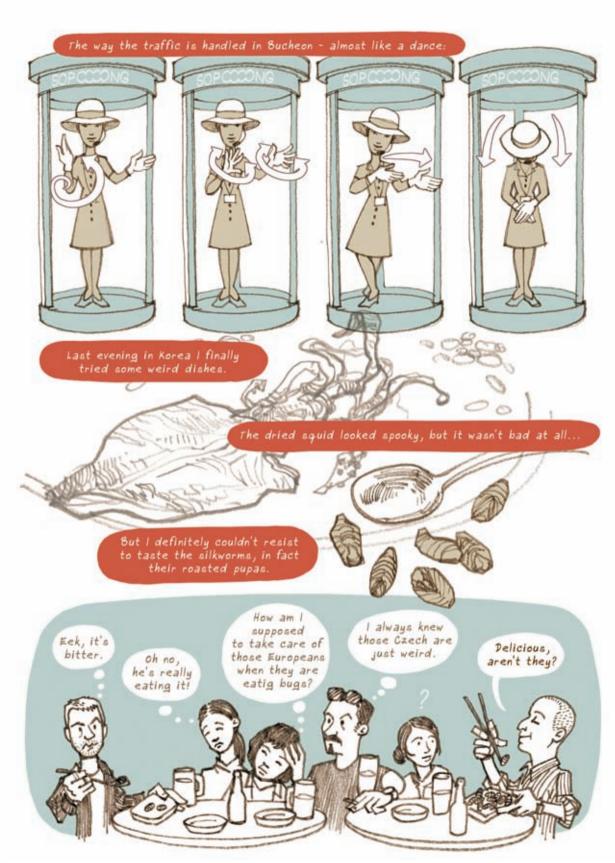




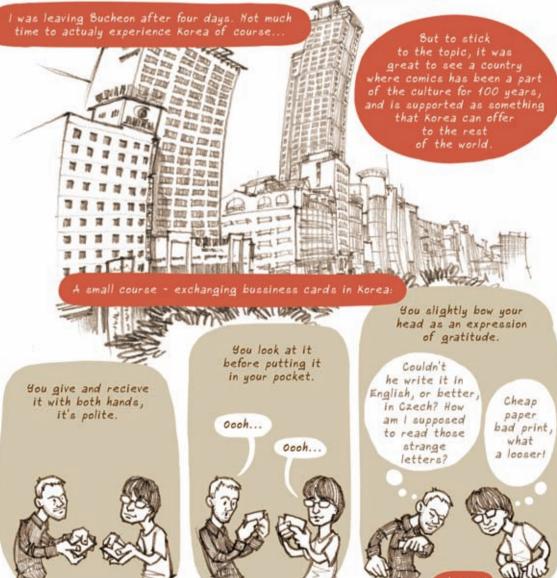


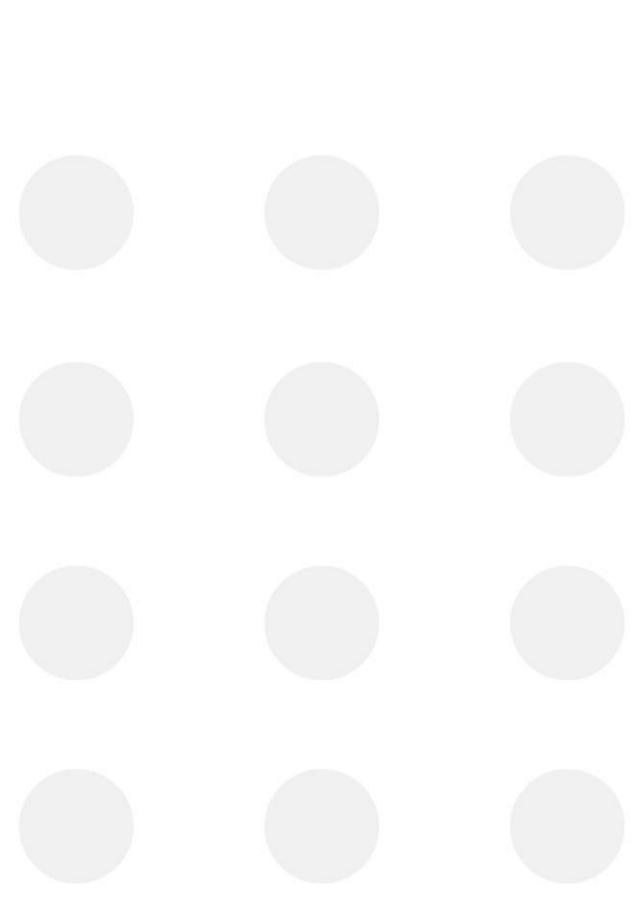












# **Dialogues**

In Wires\*, the characters engage in the curious act of head-changing. For the Wires\* interview, we invited the artists to swop heads as well, answering on behalf of one another. In the spirit of the project, Nele donned Pier's head, Pier wore Faezal's and Faezal put on Nele's. As they answer what they think should be the personal opinions of each other, an interesting mayhem comes out of this method of inter-cultural exchange.

#### Nele answering as Pier

The poverty that you show in your work is of the mind, where everyone starts to converge towards One World, One Thinking. Besides joining Poetry Squad, how else can the man on the street break free from this trap?

A Breaking free from a trap is definitely more difficult than not stepping into it. My hope is that we can keep our minds self-controlled, flexible and independent. Less mass media and less TV would be a good start.

**Q** Please complete this, "I create comics because"

A I believe that the combination of images, text and time gives the ability to tell stories to many different readers and people of many nationalities.

Nele Brönner Pier Gajewski Faezal Muniran

Pier answering as Faezal

Q Faezal, you said you started drawing comics for yourself because you were too poor to buy them when you were a child. Who are you drawing for now?

A I think I am still making comics for myself, in the sense that I'm doing things that I would like to read. Except in this instance, I think I keep on going because I haven't done the perfect comic yet!

Q Nele's characters are animal heads on human bodies, whereas yours are animals who are human-like. Is there a difference?

A Actually not really. My characters are animal heads on human bodies but all three of us have a different way to draw it.

#### Faezal answering as Nele

Q How many heads do you, Nele, have in your closet? Describe the head that you are wearing now?

A Hmmm... I think I have around four heads. The one that I am using right now is a Norwegian Forest Cat.

It is summer now in Berlin, and every day is a beautiful day to go for a walk in the park, just to enjoy the scenery. I'm feeling somewhat adventurous to go explore the city today. I've been working non-stop lately and I think I need a break. Who knows, maybe I will discover something new and different.

Q Your protagonist Martha went through a wide range of emotions in just 13 pages. Is she closely based on someone you know, or perhaps yourself?

A I believe a part of Martha comes from my collective experiences (although not directly). The rest of Martha's character is fabricated from other people's lives and experiences. Her surname "Frank", for example, is stolen from a close friend of mine.

In telling the character's story, rather than taking it directly from my own, I find it quite liberating to step out of myself so that I can create this character to be more free and believable, although my own personal experiences might add some honesty and feelings to the character.

Our publication deepened the existing relationship with ASEF, and the artists involved and also opened up for us new connections with exhibition spaces and international operating institutes.

Nele

Using comics as a medium in intercultural dialogue is extremely wise. When you don't share a common language you use visual codes (signs or images). Comics, through images and text, allows you to go very deep into the culture and people's personal feelings.

Pier

Connecting with the people, (who are not just any people but great and wonderful artists) is one of the wonderful outcomes from Lingua Comica. It doesn't matter where we all come from, we all speak the same language. It helped me realize that I am not alone and never will be when working in comics.

Faezal

Beyond Reloaded

The first edition of Wires\* sold out, and was extremely well-received by readers. In order to extend the success of the project, the artists are actively tapping on their respective connections to promote their artworks as well as the experience of using comic art to engage in intercultural dialogue to new audiences.

Through their spirited efforts, the project has also surfaced a network of venues and institutions which support such intercultural and artistic collaboration. In turn, it was a platform for them to discover new opportunities to take their work to the next level, and for interested readers and comics enthusiasts to discover their work.

28 March 2010 Pekomikon, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Pekomikon is a comic convention that is part of the Kuala Lumpur International Book Festival, the largest Book Fair event in Malaysia. Faezal presented on the Lingua Comica 3 programme and Lingua Comica: Reloaded Wires\*.

Gempak

Gempak is a premier Malaysian comics and gaming magazine. Lingua Comica 3, Wires\* and the artists themselves have been featured in issues 251, 252 and 253.

5 - 20 June 2010 Kyoto International Manga Museum, Kyoto, Japan

Pier had a solo exhibition here. The entire Wires\* compilation was presented, as well as observation drawings from Pier's six-month residency at the French Villa Kujoyama.

May and June 2010 Japan

Pier spoke at conferences about comics and the Wires\* project at the French Institute of Fukuoka, University of Ritsumeikan of Kyoto, French Alliance of Sendai and at the Tohoku University of Sendai. Having explored their ideas through comics, the artists now engage in a roundtable of ruminations and meditations about numbers in their societies. They compare their surroundings and mental states with each other, retrospectively thinking aloud and catching up with each other after the publication's successful run.

#### Matei to Tsuyoshi

Q Sometimes you have to make money with your art. You can be paid to be yourself, or to do some anonymous work, to do commercial projects or artistic projects. How do you deal with compromise?

A Matei, I understand exactly what you're trying to say! I've also struggled with this. In Japan, some people work for the money, while others choose to work more freely while also making money. But most of what I want to do is creating work for myself, not for the money.

#### Budi to Tsuyoshi

**Q** Have you had a personal shopping experience similar to your comic's character?

A I thought the story up after hearing people's conversations around town. Things like "I bought these clothes cause they were 70% off" and "these are delicious cause they're organic vegetables". Surely people buy things because they want them, and food tastes delicious because it is? I realised that they weren't buying commodities so much as they were consuming information, and the money they were paying wasn't for the goods, but rather, for the information. My story is just an exaggeration of this state of affairs in modern society.

#### Titus to Budi

Q How does the current situation feel to you, compared to when we started "Numbers"?

A This year, the projected GDP (gross domestic product) growth in Singapore may be higher than China's. On the ground, economic indicators such as retail activity, rental fees and property prices are booming. It shows that both as a country and society, we are doing well financially at this moment.

I couldn't have imagined this last year; yet I have mixed feelings about it.

On one hand, I am grateful for Singapore's rebound in such a short time since the crisis began. However, for a society of "newly rich" (Singapore was transformed from a third world into a first world state within one generation), we still have much to learn about our relationship with money. A slower economy would provide a space to reflect and learn more about this important relationship. What I was trying to point towards in "Family Values" (the story I did in "Numbers") is my belief that we are richer than we think, that placing our highest value on money makes us poorer.

I must quickly add that my point of view is from someone belonging to the middle-income majority. I hope that the country's economic rebound is helping low-income Singaporeans tremendously.

### **Numbers**

Titus Ackermann Matei Branea Tsuyoshi Ogawa Budi Wijaya

Beyond Reloaded

'Numbers' is being sold in Japan, Singapore and Germany.

In Japan, 'Numbers' has been sold at the Manga Museum, and during Echo Tour 2010, an exhibition in Kyoto. It has received positive reviews in Japan, especially for the publication's poster-like design.

The story reflects my coming home after a stressful day with the "global problems", represented by all the numbers spinning around in the man's head, which are reduced to minor importance by what I feel is really important.

Titus

Comics is a great medium for intercultural dialogue. All you need is good promotion, distribution and - kaboom! - it's done!

Matei

I feel so grateful to have made friends with other people around the world who are also making comics and manga. I've also received a lot of exciting emails about other members' successes. It makes me feel as happy as if it were my own success, and at the same time it inspires me to work hard, too. I'm really happy to still stay connected with Lingua Comica.

Tsuyoshi

Lingua Comica is a well-conceived and organised platform that tremendously benefit comic artists from both Asia and Europe. Kudos to ASEF! I am grateful for the cultural exposure and the wonderful friends I met through this initiative.

Budi

Friendship, dreams, jealousy, strategy, competition, discovery, imitation, excitement, solidarity, loneliness [...]: a few of these things that a child puts into games, experimenting while playing. Where does the border between playing and living in reality stand for a kid?

This theme attracted us because of its rich visual and storytelling possibilities. For children, a simple object can be used as a means of escape into dreams and realms of fancy. Games can offer even more possibilities because of the imagination and social dynamics at work whenever children play their games.

Amélie

Amélie Clément Rommel Joson

Q You both participated in different editions of Lingua Comica. How did you get to collaborate in Reloaded?

Rommel When the call for applications came out, I couldn't find a partner to team up with. Amelie sent out an email to all Lingua participants asking for potential collaborators. I saw her work through her website, loved it, and sent her an email. What followed was a series of emails with various ideas on how we could proceed. I was surprised to find out that we shared similar sensibilities on how to go about it, even if our styles were very different. And then the rest worked out!

**Q** How was the residency in Angouleme arranged?

Amélie Maison des Auteurs is a residency place for comic artists and the administrators of the Maison des Auteurs had already heard of Lingua Comica. Rommel and I had decided that it was very important to see each other during our collaboration, given the distance from Brussels to Manila, and to share an atelier and spend a few days working together. I contacted Maison des Auteurs to ask for a short-term residency and they kindly said yes.

**Q** Why the blog name 'Tiptoe on Circles'?

Rommel The name seemed to evoke a game in itself, of lightly treading around circles drawn on the floor. The word tiptoe felt childlike, almost dainty and done with care. While circles drawn on the floor reminded us of children's games and how boundaries are often established and how these boundaries must be navigated in any game.

Q Your works explore common themes through children's games, even though you are be from different cultures. What do you find similar or different about each other?

Rommel What I found interesting when we were looking at games from both our cultures, was how similar a lot of the games were (like Hopscotch). The differences seem to lie in the board-based games. Traditional Filipino culture didn't have "board" games. Most of the games in my research involved games played in the backyard.

In terms of each other, I found our tastes in art somewhat similar. When we were tossing around ideas for the project, I appreciated the fact that we could engage each other on the level of ideas.

vvzzvvWe had lengthy emails at the start of the project on different ways to go and I really found that a lot of the ideas we had were similar in their basic direction. Although we belong to different cultures, the desire to make art was something we both shared.

Amélie Our styles are different but they both have a dark side that we used in our comics. We both agreed that talking about games doesn't mean painting something light and colorful and naïve. We tried to evoke the "dark side of the game".

However, my way of telling the story has something "boyish" in it. The style is quite direct and linear. My characters are very active, very much engaged in pure action. I can feel a more poetical and thoughtful approach in Rommel's work. He takes time to build an atmosphere.

One of the main differences I noticed during our conversations was precisely about that: it seems that, in Western Europe, games and stories have lost the link to their roots, though in the Philippines they are still wrapped into traditions and beliefs.

This project certainly broadened my horizons, particularly when it comes to Asian comic strips, thanks to the quality and generosity of exchanges.

Tanitoc

We plumb the depths of Tanitoc's mind with an interview on his process and reflections on intercultural dialogue.

**Q** How did you and Dae-Joong both decide to collaborate on this project?

A When Lingua Comica Reloaded happened, I seized the opportunity to submit this story; but the starting point really was this exciting conversation about mythology I had with Dae-Joong one night in Japan, while the room was filled with the creative energy of all these talented participants working away on their pages.

As a publisher, did Kim give any input during the creative process?

A Not at all, it all sprung out of our continuing conversation, and the chat we had during the workshop when we showed each other samples of our work. Our English is far from perfect! I think Dae-Joong's sensitivity gives him that capacity to give you a hint, a few words that could carry you through a project like this.

**Q** What impact did Lingua Comica have on your professional development?

A The benefits of Lingua Comica are undoubtedly present in many levels of my work today. When I was offered the unexpected role as one of the facilitators for Lingua Comica, I felt like I was about to be part of a special experience: that of selecting Asian and European artists, connecting their aspirations, and helping to promote a fruitful dialogue for each of the three pairs I was involved with.

This meeting of minds took place in what I consider the ideal working environment for any creator, in this field: a museum with a research department, a place where creation means both practice and theory, with a vision

## Salmon of Knowledge

Tanitoc

for preserving a unique heritage and nurturing contemporary talents. I would challenge anyone engaged in this unique set-up to come out unchanged, unmoved, and uninspired by the experience!

**Q** What were the connections made during Lingua Comica that helped you?

A The connections I made with everyone involved are not mere friendly encounters on my road. They have had a deeper impact, on a creative level. The isolation is often a reality of comics creation. It can be difficult at times to cultivate an understanding of what you are trying to achieve over the years, to keep a discerning eye on your creative steps. This project certainly broadened my horizons, particularly when it comes to Asian comic strips, thanks to the quality and generosity of exchanges. The creative discussions were so stimulating that these conversations are in my mind right now, in my studio, while I work on my next book.

The Lingua Comica Reloaded project was yet again a brilliant opportunity to continue feeding and questioning my creative practice. How was I to produce a story based on Celtic mythology for a Korean audience? What role were the words and pictures going to play in the act of storytelling? How could we reconcile the fact that creative people all around the world have so much in common and ideas to share, despite coming from different cultural environments? I have a great deal of respect for Sai Comics for their uncompromising way of patiently building a remarkable catalogue.

**Q** What is your view on comics being used as a medium in intercultural dialogue?

A Comics are the best form for intercultural communication I have come across, whether they contain words or whether they don't. We live a very exciting time, when calibrated walled-up genres in comics are being challenged by the necessity of trying to make sense of the world as it is: a complex place to live in. Almost any topic or issue can therefore become a story to be told, an experience to share.

Comics by nature reach a large number of people who all have their own active reading experience to go through, whether on the Net, at the kitchen table, in a field or in a suburban train. Drawings, pictures and the tools used to produce them enrich the characters with delightful and incredibly rich nuances: irony, fear, joy, sarcasm, calmness, anxiety, contempt, etc.

Comics can bring emotional, political or philosophical ramifications to a narrative. What more can one expect to create in an intercultural dialogue?



